1 (Case called)

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Counsel for the plaintiff, please state your appearance.

MS. ISAACSON: Good afternoon, your Honor. Sara

Isaacson from Michael Faillace & Associates for the plaintiff.

THE COURT: Good morning, Ms. Isaacson.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: For the defendant.

MR. CLARK: Good morning, your Honor. Shawn Clark of Littler Mendelson for the appearing defendants. I have with me Kunal Kanodia who is a summer associate in our office.

THE COURT: You're most welcome.

Ms. Isaacson, do you want to tell me about the lawsuit.

MS. ISAACSON: Yes, your Honor. My client was employed by the defendants. They owned a Laundromat. And he worked there from about the summer of 2009 till February of 2018, and he working between 62 to 72 hours per week.

He was paid a fixed weekly salary throughout his employment in a combination of check and cash. So we brought the lawsuit alleging violations of minimum wage, overtime, and wage notice and wage statement violations.

THE COURT: What about the defense that the business does less than \$500,000 a year? It does \$300,000 a year according to the defendant.

MS. ISAACSON: We would ask the defendants to send us

16 Case 1:18-cv-01604-PAC Document 41 Filed 09/19/18 Page 3 of 6

some documents that would support that allegation. It's our contention that they did make over \$500,000 based on our client's testimony of the number of -- I guess I'll call them

4 sales -- that the business did.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

THE COURT: Have you visited the premises,
Ms. Isaacson?

MS. ISAACSON: I have not, your Honor.

THE COURT: You also styled this as a collective action, but there are only two employees.

MS. ISAACSON: We don't intend to move for a collective action, your Honor.

THE COURT: Further, this is a drop-off place? It doesn't provide on-premises services? You just drop your laundry there, and it's farmed out?

MS. ISAACSON: It's my understanding that the defendants did do some cleaning and ironing work.

THE COURT: Maybe delivery work as well?

MS. ISAACSON: Yes. He was primarily a delivery worker, but it's my understanding that he also did some cleaning and ironing.

THE COURT: Mr. Clark?

MR. CLARK: Your Honor, you are correct that this dry cleaner is simply a drop-off place. It's a very small location, maybe about 300 square feet. All that's kept there are the clothes dropped off from the cleaning vendor.

There are two employees. Plaintiff was a delivery person who takes the dropped-off laundry and delivers it door to door to the clients. The plaintiff worked about 62 to 64 hours a week.

THE COURT: Was he tipped?

MR. CLARK: He was a tipped employee, and he was paid overtime. So the employer did take a tip credit from his hourly wage, but it's our contention that that tip credit was appropriate and that he was paid the accurate amount.

THE COURT: What about the dollar value for the business?

MR. CLARK: The highest year, if I remember correctly, was just under \$300,000. The lowest year was under \$100,000. The business has never done more than \$300,000 in annual gross sales. We don't have a federal claim here.

THE COURT: I take it Ms. Isaacson wants proof of that.

Can you give her proof of that?

MR. CLARK: We're happy to provide proof of that. I think we have tax returns that we're happy to turn over pursuant to some confidentiality exceptions.

THE COURT: What do you say to that, Ms. Isaacson?

MS. ISAACSON: That's fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: Have you prepared a civil case management

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

you.

25